

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/825,178	04/03/2001	Naoki Oguchi	FUJY 18.546	1676
26304 7590 10/18/2007 KATTEN MUCHIN ROSENMAN LLP 575 MADISON AVENUE			EXAMINER	
			BRUCKART, BENJAMIN R	
NEW YORK, NY 10022-2585			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		2155	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/18/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/825,178	OGUCHI, NAOKI			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Benjamin R. Bruckart	2155			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repl od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH rute, cause the application to become ABAN	ATION. by be timely filed IS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06</u>	September 2007.				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ The					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withden 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.				
Application Papers	•				
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction. The eath or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b) objected to by ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance ection is required if the drawing(s)	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. ents have been received in Appriority documents have been re eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No eceived in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	_				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/	nmary (PTO-413) Mail Date rmal Patent Application			

Detailed Action

Status of Claims:

Claims 1-3 are pending in this Office Action.

Claim 1 is amended.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed in the amendment filed 9/6/07, have been considered but are most in view of new grounds of rejection. The reasons are set forth below.

Applicant's invention as claimed:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by U.S. Patent No. 6,888,837 by Cunningham et al (Applicants IDS) in view of U.S. Patent No. 7,016,980 by Mayer et al.

Regarding claim 1, the Cunningham reference teaches a communication data relay system for relaying between two or more domains each configured by one or more networks, a relay source domain having routing information to a relay destination domain (Cunningham: col. 3, lines 47-56), comprising:

two or more interface modules for accessing said networks (Cunningham: col. 10, lines 56-65; Fig. 11);

Art Unit: 2155

a domain definition module for defining a domain configured by said one or more networks, said domain definition module storing an interface identifier for identifying an interface module and a domain identifier for identifying said domain corresponding to said interface module identified by said interface identifier (Cunningham: col. 5, lines 42-61; Figures 2a-2c);

an inter-domain communication definition module for defining connectibility between said two or more domains defined by said domain definition module, said connectibility based on a combination of the following parameters: a source/destination domain identifier, an inter-domain communicability field, and a translation rule (Cunningham: col. 7, lines 20- col. 8, line 26; Fig. 2d);

a routing information storage module for storing domain routing information corresponding to each of said tow or more domains defined by said domain definition module (Cunningham: Figs 2a-2c), said domain routing information including a destination network address to which a packet is sent, a next-hop gateway address to which said packet is relayed, an output interface identifier for identifying the interface module to which said packet is output, and said domain identifier defined in said domain definition module for identifying the correspondence between said domain routing information and each of said two or more domains defined by said domain definition module (Cunningham: col. 5, lines 62- col. 6, line 15; Fig. 2d);

a relay control unit for controlling relay of the communication data, wherein said relay control unit <u>controlling</u> the relay of the communication data with reference to said domain routing information corresponding to the domain concerned in the case of a relay within said same domain (Cunningham: col. 5, lines 59-61; Fig. 2d, tag 238; route to same domain),

The Cunningham reference fails to teach judging whether communication is permitted. However, the Mayer reference teaches:

and <u>said relay control unit judging</u> whether communication between the domains is permitted or not for the relay <u>on the basis of said inter-domain communicability field which is held in said inter-domain communication definition module <u>and defined for each combination of source domain identifier and destination domain identifier (Mayer: col. 5, lines 17-38), in the case of a relay between the domains different from each other so as to relay the communication</u></u>

Art Unit: 2155

data between the domains different from each other if communication is judged to be permitted (Mayer: col. 1, lines 22-43; col. 5, lines 17-38)

wherein, when communication is judged to be permitted, the relay control unit translates address information included in the communication data on the basis of said translation rule which is held in said inter-domain communication definition module and defined for each combination of source domain identifier and destination identifier, registers, in an address translation table, mapping information indicating a mapping of said address information before being translated to said address information after being translated, and relays the communication data between the domains different from each other on the basis of said mapping information registered in said address translation table (Mayer: col. 1, lines 22-43; col. 3, lines 50-65; col. 5, lines 20-38) in order to implement security and cost effective measures of packet filtering (Mayer: col. 2, lines 51-67).

It would have been obvious at the time of the invention to one of ordinary skill in the art to create the method of domain communication as taught by Cunningham to include access control as taught by Mayer in order to implement security and cost effective measures of packet filtering (Mayer: col. 2, lines 51-67).

Regarding claim 2, a communication data relay system according to claim 1, further comprising a destination address search module for the relay destination domain,

wherein if the relay source domain does not have routing information to the relay destination domain, said destination address search module searches a destination address to the relay destination domain in response to a request from a source communication device within the relay source domain, and notifies said source communication device of a relay address within the relay source domain that corresponds to the destination address (Cunningham: col. 7, lines 21-col. 9, line 42; DNS name resolution to get global address), and

said relay control unit relays the communication data addressed to the relay address to the destination address in the relay destination domain (Cunningham: col. 6, lines 10-40).

Page 5

Regarding claim 3, a communication data relay system according to claim 1, further comprising a routing control information storage module to the domain to which a communication data processing device for processing the communication data is connected,

wherein said relay control unit, when controlling the relay of the communication data, causes said communication data processing device to process the communication data, and relays the thus processed communication data (Cunningham: col. 16, lines 27-54; Fig. 11).

Prior Art

- U.S. Patent No. 7,272,625 by Hannel et al teaches restricting communications (col. 47, lines 45-60) and
- U.S. Patent Publication No. 2001/0014912 by Segal teaches allowable senders and receiver lists stored in a router apparatus (page 2, para 18, 22).

REMARKS

Applicant has amended claim 1 to include limitations directed to processing based on whether permitted communication.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Benjamin R. Bruckart whose telephone number is (571) 272-3982. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Saleh Najjar can be reached on (571) 272-4006. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 09/825,178 Page 6

Art Unit: 2155

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Benjamin R Bruckart Examiner Art Unit 2155 /Benjamin R Bruckart/

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER